parse()

```
void main() {
      pri nt( num.pa rse ('1 - 2'));
      pri nt( num.pa rse ('1 - 0.9 1'));
}
```

The parse() static function allows parsing a string containing numeric literal into a number.

isinfinite

```
num.isinfinite
```

sign

num.sign	Returns minus one, zero or plus one depending on the sign and numerical value of the number.

Useful functions

Number.abs()	Number.ceil()
Number.compareTo(x)	**0 if the values are equal. 1 if the current number object is greater than the specified numeric value.-1 if the current number object is lesser than the specified numeric value.**
Number.floor()	Number.remainder(x)
Number.round()	Number.toDouble()
Number.toInt()	Number.toString()
Number.truncate()	Returns an int without decimal points.

hashcode

```
void main() {
     int n = 5000;
      pri nt( n.h ash Code);
}
syntax : num.ha shcode
```

isNan

num.isNan	True if the number is the double Not-a-Number value; otherwise, false.

iseven

num.iseven	Returns true if the number is an even number.

isfinite

```
num.isFinite
```

isnegative

num.isNegative	This property returns a Boolean value true if the number is a negative number.

isodd

num.isodd	Returns true if the number is an odd number.

By **Nima** (nimakarimian)

cheatography.com/nimakarimian/
www.nimakarimian.ir

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