

parse()

```
void main() {
    print( num.parse ('1 -
2'));
    print( num.parse ('1 -
0.9 1'));
}
```

The parse() static function allows parsing a string containing numeric literal into a number.

isInfinite

num.isInfinite

sign

num.sign Returns minus one, zero or plus one depending on the sign and numerical value of the number.

Useful functions

Number.abs() Number.ceil()

Number.compareTo(x) **0 if the values are equal. 1 if the current number object is greater than the specified numeric value. -1 if the current number object is lesser than the specified numeric value.**

Number.floor() Number.remainder(x)

Number.round() Number.toDouble()

Number.toInt() Number.toString()

Number.truncate() Returns an int without decimal points.

hashCode

```
void main() {
    int n = 5000;
    print( n.hashCode);
}
syntax : num.hashCode
```

isNaN

num.isNaN True if the number is the double Not-a-Number value; otherwise, false.

isEven

num.isEven Returns true if the number is an even number.

isFinite

num.isFinite

isNegative

num.isNegative This property returns a Boolean value true if the number is a negative number.

isOdd

num.isOdd Returns true if the number is an odd number.



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